

PATSHABI 10 KABYO BAACH BAINTI CHAUPAI

This composition is by Shri Guru Gobind Singh, the tenth Master. This is a prayer to the Supreme Being for granting devotion, His Name, protection to himself and his disciples as well as victories in his battles with his enemies.

Although Guru Gobind Singh's life was full of battles and adventures, yet he composed a vast spiritual literature enshrined in Shri Dasam Granth. This composition being a long one, I have broken it into five parts to maintain continuity of the text and translation of the Composition by the Tenth Master.

fjdal jhg 10 mn wdWI ' Wjy WMaq mn yFHg mn
hqig wi' hjo s{ i Aj mn fIV hH dya wg dHAj mn ar yiVV qV
i h(hqij mn bFVj ujV wi' fdaFij mn mn hqi[s] B l F{apz jrhpm
bjfp hjo s{ qth Wyjrhpm l ptg WI{ q{ ' fdi rji j mn l Fdw dl t l F{
wi aji j mn q' i Aj dVu wdi s{ wdi l { mn l F Wq V w" bju l zdi l { mn
fIV hH hqig bjI j mn atti FuV wg i h(dfbjI j mn Bnm apjh Ajdc
wHg bri V dZbjRB mn u' Wi yjhG l p ap{ al fJRB mn l Fw dl t hqji [
aji gbdh mn yPV yPV l a=hqji [qjigbdh mn A nm bjf hjo s{ qN{ Rwdi l { mn
qi V wjv wj ajl dVrdi l { mn hR' l sj hqji [fAj mn l g bdl Zp uP
wdi l hp i Aj mn Bnm

i kfr l kgh EEE cc dfck; ls Ckkrh cc pkS bz cc
gejh djks gkFk nS jPNk cc i ju gkb fpr dh bPNk cc ro pjuu
eu jgS gekjk cc vi uk tku djks ifrikjk cc Ecc gejs nq V l Hk re
?kogqcc vki q gkFk nS ekfg Ckpkogq cc l qkh Ckl S ekjks i fjokjk cc
l sd fl D[k l Hk cljrkjk cc Ecc eks jPNk fut dj nS dfj; Scc l Hk
Cksu dks vkt l 8kfj; Scc i ju gkb gekjh vkl k cc rkj Hktu dh
jgS fi vkl k cc Ecc refig NkfM dkBz voj u fjk; kmQcc tks Ckj pkgs
l qre rs ikmQcc l sd fl D[k gekjs rkjhvfg cc pju pju l _k

gekjjs ekjhvfg ælæ vki gkfk nSeqSmCkj; Sæ eju dky dk _kk
fuofj; Sæ gæks l nk gekjs i PNk æ l b vfl]kç twdfj; gqjPNk æfæ

Patshahi 10 Kabyo Baach Banti Chaupai

- 1) *Hamri karo haath de ruchhaa.* 2) *Pooran hoi chit ki ichha.*
- 3) *Tav charnan mun rahe hamaraa.* 4) *Apanaa jaan karo pritpaaraa.* (1) 5) *Hamre dusat sabhai tum ghawahu.* 6) *Aap haath deh mohi bachawahu.* 7) *Sukhi basai moro pariwaraa.*
- 8) *Sewak sikh sabhai kartaraa.* (2). 9) *Mo rachhaa nij kar de kariyai.* 10) *Sabh bairan ko aaj sunghariyai.* 11) *Pooran hoi hamari aasaa.* 12) *Tori Bhajan ki rahai pyasaa.* (3). 13) *Tumahi chhadi koi awar na dhiyaun.* 14) *Jo bur chahon su tum te paaun.* 15) *Sewak sikh hamaare tariyeh.* 16) *Chun chun satr hamare maarieh.* (4). 17) *Aap haath dai mujhai ubariyai.* 18) *Maran kaal ka tras niwariyai.* 19) *Hoojo sada hamare pachhaa.* 20) *Sri Asidhuj joo kariyahu rachhaa.* (5).

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Composition by the Tenth Master. Chaupai

1. O Lord, protect me with your benevolent hands.
2. (So that) the desires of my heart are fulfilled.
3. (The desires are) My mind should always be directed towards Your feet.
4. Nurture me as one of Your own. (1)
5. O Lord, destroy all my enemies.
6. Protect me with Your own hands.
7. O Lord, my family should live happily.
8. O Creator Lord, (my family includes) my disciples, attendants also. (2)
9. O Lord, please protect me by placing Your own hands over me.
10. Please destroy all my enemies (like evil desires, anger, lust, pride etc.)
11. All my hopes and noble desires be fulfilled like;

12. I should always have thirst for Your devotion. (3)
13. I should not pray to anybody except You.
14. What ever boon or grace I desire, I should obtain from You.
15. Grant liberation to all my disciples and attendants.
16. Destroy all my enemies after locating each one of them. (4)
17. O Lord! Save me by providing protection of Your own hands.
18. Destroy my dread of time and death.
19. And 20) O Lord! With the sign of a sword in Your flag i.e. the Supreme Being! Always support and protect me. (5)

i jdt vhpqjh ijtvhji [m l jdhW la l hjdH dfI ji [m sgV WZpsBV
w[haj m ap h' fijg yaj sl waj m6m wjv fjdH Whqj WfpZij m
wjv fjdH dl r uPbraij m wjv fjdH wdi dWl Vpfwjl j m l wv wjv
wj wgbj aqilj m7m urV wjv u'eg dl r wgY m Ws iju Whqj uP
ogY m urV wjv l F vw l rji j m Vql wji h{ajdh hqijj m8m urV
wjv l F uea WVjl ' m s[s[uAV Rfujl ' m bjds b[la H[
braijj m l Hg ejPl qdNI hphqijj m9m Vql wji dal hg w' hqijg m
l wv ftuj duV bjf l rji g m dl rwV w' dl reV l t sgY m laV
w' fv q' WZ wgY m1Om

jkf[k ygg efg jk[kugkjs cc l kfgCk l r l gkb fi ; kjs cc nhu Ckjk
nd Vu è grk cc r[gks ijh prj nl d[ck cc[cc dky ik Ckgek
Ckiq]jkj cc dky ik fl o twvorjk cc dky ik dj fckl uqizdkl k cc
l dy dky dk dhvk rekl k cc tou dky tkh fl o dhvkscc
Cks jkt Ckgek twFkhvkscc tou dky l Hk ykd l okjk cc uel dkj
gSrkfg gekjk cc tou dky l Hk tXkr Ckuk; ks cc ns ns tPNu
mi tk; ks cc vlfn vfr , è vorjk cc l kbzXkA l ef>; gggekjk cc
uel dkj frl gh dksgekjh cc l dy i ztk ftu vki l okjh cc fl odu
dks fl o Xkpu l qk nhvks cc l \$kpu dks iy eks Ckjk dhvksccEcc

- 21) Raakh lehu mohi rakhanhaare. 22) Sahib sant sahai pyare.
 - 23) Deen bandhu dustan ke hanta. 24) Tumho puri chatur dus kantaa. (6). 25) Kaal pai Brahma bup dharaa. 26) Kaal pai
- Nitnem _____ (168)

Sivjoo avtraa. 27) Kaal pai kari Bisan prkaasaa. 28) Sakal kaal ka kia tamasaa. (7). 29) Jawan kaal jogi Siv kio. 30) Bed raaj Brahma joo theeo. 31) Jawan kaal sabh lok sawaraa. 32) Namaskaar hai tahi hamaraa. (8). 33) Jawan kaal sabh jagat banayo. 34) Dev dait jachhan upjayo. 35) Aadi unt aike awtaaraa. 36) Soi guru samjhio hamaraa. (9). 37) Namaskaar tishi ko hamaree. 38) Sakal praja jin aap sawaree. 39) Sivkan ko sawgun sukh deeyo. 40) Satran ko palmo badh keeyo. (10).

In stanzas 7, 8 and 9, the Guru has clarified a very important issue i.e. the truth about Divine incarnations like lord Shiva, Brahma and Vishnu. He says that as desired by the Supreme Being, the incarnations come to the world for specific job and it is not correct to equate the incarnations with the Supreme Being. This has also been explained by Guru Nanak Dev in stanza 30 of the Japji Sahib.

- 21) O my Protector Lord! Provide me your protection
- 22) You are my saintly Master, supporter and beloved.
- 23) You are the friend of the destitute and destroyer of the evil persons.
- 24) You are the Lord and Master of fourteen regions of creations. (6)
- 25) With the will of Lord, Brahma assumed a human form.
- 26) With the will of the Lord, Shiva was incarnated.
- 27) With the will of the Lord, Vishnu appeared in the world.
- 28) This entire Universe is the play of the Supreme Being. (7)
- 29) It is the Supreme Being who created Supreme Yogi Shiva.
- 30) It is the Supreme Being who created Brahma the author of Vedas.
- 31) It is the Supreme Being who created and beautified the Universe.
- 32) I prostrate before that Supreme Being. (8)
- 33) It is the Supreme Being who created the whole Universe.
- 34) It is He, who created the gods, devils and the demi-gods.
- 35) It is He, who is the same from the beginning to the end i.e. He is not subject to any change, He does not incarnate.
- 36) It is to be understood that it is He who is my Master. (9)

- 37) I prostrate before Him.
- 38) It is He who is caring for all His creation.
- 39) He has gifted all the virtues and reliefs to His servants.
- 40) And destroyed all their enemies in a moment (like desire, greed, lust, anger etc). (10)

zB zB w[bai wg ujVa m Fv[Wj[wg fgi fAjVa m ygBg a[
 wji bIoMj m lF fi d*fj ds dB wdi xRj m11m laV sjt fjH[
 a[sjt g m l jt fjh[l jZV w[l jt g m Hw Hw wg fgi fAjV(m zB zB
 w[fB fB wg ujV(m12m uW Rjswi t wij wi aji j m fuj Zia aW
 sh bfji j m uW bjwi t wi a h' wWhP m aq q{ dqva sh Zi
 l Fh m13m uja[WsV dl dB l F Zji{ m bJfp bJfVg WBN Ryji{ m aq
 l F hg a[i ha vijvq m ujVa Ws Fjs bi bjvq m14m vij wji
 vMwji vij vF m bJds bVgv bVjds bIF m aj wj qC%Ryji a
 Fjs m uj w' Fj V fjsra Wsj m15m

?K?K è vrj dh tkur cc Hkys Ckjs dh ihj i Nkur cc phVh
 rsí pj vI Fkyk cc lHk ij fæik fnd fV dj ðyk ccÉÉcc lru
 ndk ik, rs ndkh cc ldk ik, lk]ku è ldk cc ,d ,d dh ihj
 i NkuScc ?K?K è iV iV dh tkuSccÉÉcc tCk mndj[k djk djrkjk cc
 itk]kjr rCk ng viljk cc tCk vkdj[k djr gks dCkgu cc re
 eSfeyr ng]kj l Hkg ccÉÉcc tss Cknu fl !fV l Hk]kkjS cc vki q
 vki uh Ck mpkjScc re l Hk gh rs jgr fujkye cc tkur Ckn Hkn
 vj vkye ccÉl cc fujdkj fuflckdj fuftydkj cc vkn vuh vukn
 vI Hk cc rk dk ekAmpkj r Hkn cc tk dks Hkn u ikor Cknk ccÉl cc

- 41) Ghat ghat ke antar ki janat. 42) Bhale bure ki peer pachhanat. 43) Cheetee te kunchar asthulaa. 44) Sabh par kripa drist kar phoolaa. (11). 45) Santan dukh pai te dukhee. 46) Sukh pai sadhan ke sukhee. 47) Ek ek ki peer pachhanai. 48) Ghat ghat ke put put ki jaanai. (12). 49) Jab udkarkh kara kartaraa. 50) Prjaa dharat tub deh apaaraa. 51) Jub akarkh karat ho kabhun. 52) Tum main milat deh dhar sabhun. (13) 53) Jete badan srist sabh dharai. 54) Aap apni boojh ucharai. 55) Tum sabh hi te rahat nirlam. 56) Janat bed bhed aru aalam. (14) 57) Nirankar nirbikar nirlambh. 58) Aadi aneel*

*anadi asambh. 59) Ta ka moorh ucharat bhedaa. 60) Jako
bhed na pawat bedaa. (15)*

These five stanzas are in praise of the Lord describing as to how He creates the bodies; takes care of them, knows their inner feelings, worries and is Omnipotent.

- 41) The Lord knows the innermost feelings of every heart.
- 42) The Lord is aware of the suffering of the virtuous and the evil person. (He does not distinguish)
- 43) and 44) O Lord! You are happy to shower mercy on every being may it be a small ant or a big elephant. (11)
- 45) You are unhappy if the saints have to suffer pain.
- 46) You are happy at the happiness of the saints.
- 47) You are aware of the sufferings in everyone's heart.
- 48) You know the innermost feelings and secrets in every heart. (12)
- 49) When the Lord created this Universe.
- 50) The earth had many life forms.
- 51) When the Lord at His will, winds up His creation.
- 52) Then, all beings are absorbed in Him. (13)
- 53) and 54) All the beings that are born on this earth describe and praise You as per their understanding.
- 55) But You are aloof from all beings.
- 56) You only know the secrets of all the knowledge of Vedas and other holy texts. (14)
- 57) O Lord! You are without form, without faults and without any support.
- 58) You are without beginning, beyond estimation, eternal and beyond birth and death.
- 59) and 60) Even the Vedas have not been able to fathom His secrets. Therefore if somebody attempts to describe His secrets, he will only be called a fool. (15)

aj w' wdi fjhV bVpjVa m qhj qC%wAp Fls V ujVa m qhjsr
w" wha lsj dl r m dvi wji wj ygVa Vdh dFr m16m bjfp bjfVg
WdZ h(uag m Wi Va dFV dFV ajh aJg m apij vtj V ujdH fl jij m
dwh dWdZ Iuj feq IJijj m17m Hw{ iF bVF IiFj m i w Fl ' ijr

whg Ffj m beu uj u I jau wVg m Rpfu tjdV Whj i dy sgVg m 18m
 whP xlv i juj h{ Whj m whPdl qdB FU' I wi dHwfhj m leig dl + dB
 dstjH byFr m bjds uejds I If I Fr m 19m bW i Aj qig ap
 wi' m dl t Rjjdi bdl t I zi' m sB dua[Rprra Rpfaj m l wv
 qvA wi' i S zjaj m 20m

rk dks dfj i gku vuokur cc egk eka dNqHkn u tkur cc egkn
 dksdgr l nk fl o cc fujdkj dk phur ufg fHko cc Ei cc vki qvki uh
 Ckj gS trh cc Ckjur fHku fHku rfg rsh cc rej k y[kk u tkb
 i l kjk cc fdg fCkj]k l tk i Fke l d kjk cc Ei cc , e Ai vui l Aik cc
 jd Hk; ks jko dgh Hk i vMt tjt l st dhuh cc mrHkot [Kfu
 Ckgj jfp nhuh cc Ei cc dg i Oy jktk gos Ckbk cc dg i fl efv Hk; ks
 l adj bEBk cc l Xkjh l fV fn[kk vpkko cc vlfn tXfn l A
 l qdko cc Ei cc vck jPNk egh re djks cc fl D[k mCkj vfl D[k
 l gkjscc nq KV ftrsmBor mrikrk cc l dy eyN djksj.k ?krk cc Ei cc

61) Ta ko kari paahan anumanat. 62) Maha moor kachhu
 bhed na janat. 63) Mahandev ko kahat sada siv. 64) Nirankar
 ka cheenat nahi bhiv. (16). 65) Aap aapni budh hai jeti. 66)
 Barnat bhin bhin tuhi teti. 67) Tumra lakha na jai pasaraa.
 68) Kih bidh saja pratham sansaraa. (17). 69) Ekai roop
 anoop saroopaa. 70) Runk bhayo rav kahi bhoopaa. 71) Andaj
 jeraj setaj kini. 72) Utbhuj khani bahuri rachi dini. (18) 73)
 Kahun phool raja hai baithaa. 74) Kahun sumit bhayo sankar
 ikaithaa. 75) Sagri srusti dikhai achambhav. 76) Aadi Jugadi
 saroop suyambhav. (19). 77) Ab rachhaa meri tum karo. 78)
 Sikh ubaar asikh sangharo. 79) Dusat jite uthwat utpataa. 80)
 Sakal mlechh karo run ghataa. (20).

In these five stanzas also, the Guru continues with praise of the Lord and describes wonders of His creation. An important issue is explained in stanza (16). He says that since some people do not understand the secret of the Unmanifest God, they worship Him in stones and call an incarnation like Shiva as eternal lord. This is because people describe the Lord as per their understanding. The Lord is One, unchanging and beyond description. He shows his wonders in various forms like Nitnem _____ (172)

creation from mother's womb, egg, sweat and germination from the seed or knot etc. He has provided the needs for sustenance and growth of all types of creation.

- 61) Some people recognize the Lord in the form of stone statues.
- 62) Those are great fools because they do not know the innermost secrets.
- 63) Some people call the incarnations like Shiva, the eternal Lord.
- 64) This is so because they do not know the secrets of Unmanifest Lord. (16)
- 65) and 66) whatever is the limit of one's understanding, they describe the Lord as such.
- 67) and 68) Nobody can describe the expanse of Your manifestation and that how You created the Universe in the first instance. (17)
- 69) O lord! You are only One beautiful Existence beyond description.
- 70) You have manifested like a pauper here and a king or emperor some where else.
- 71) You created beings from different sources like the mother's womb, egg, sweat or germination from the seeds or knot of a plant etc.
- 72) For all types of creations, You have provided appropriate and adequate food. (18)
- 73) Somewhere You have manifested as Lord Brahma sitting on a lotus flower (for further creation).
- 74) Somewhere (in the mood to wind up the creation) You manifested as Lord Shiva and sitting in deep meditation.
- 75) You are showing Your marvels throughout the Universe.
- 76) You have created Yourself and are unchanged from the beginning and throughout the ages. ("Saibhang" of Moolmantra) (19)
- 77) O Lord! Now You protect me.
- 78) Protect the devotees and annihilate the evil persons.

- 79) and 80) All the evil persons who ferment trouble for good people and the aliens or foreigners (who are destroying the society) be killed in the battle field. (20)

u[bdl Zp ar I i Vg fi [m daV w[s]B s]ta h[q[m f]t urV fe fi [dahji [m daV w[a]p I wB I F Bji [m21m u' wdv w' dHw Wji dZb[h{m aj w[wjv dVwdB Vdh b[h{m i Aj hH ajdh I F wjvj m s]B bdi I B Bi p aawjvj m22m d*fj ds[dB aV ujdh dVhd h' m aj w[ajf aVw q' hd h' m di NZ dl NZ zi q' I F hHg m s]B Ajh A{ I w[V whg m23m Hw Wji duV ap[I Fji j m wjv xjl a[ajdh Rjij m duV Vi Vjq dahji' whj m sjdis s]B s't a[i hj m24m tCe w[q[l i dS dahji g m bjf hjo s[vhp Rjij m l i W n[q' hhp I hjHg m s]B s't a[vhp WyjHg m25m

ts vfl]k[ro I juh ijs cc fru è n[kV n[kr goSejs cc ij[k tou iXk ijs frgkjs cc fru è r[e I dV I Hk Vks ccÉÉcc tks dfy dks bd Ckj f]k, s gS cc rk è dky fudfV ufg , s gS cc jPNk gk[rkfg I Hk dkyk cc n[V vfjI V Vja rrdkyk ccÉÉcc fæik fnl fV ru tkfg fugfjgkcc rk è rki rud eks gfjgk[cc fjf* fl f* ?kj eks I Hk gkbz cc n[kV Nkg N[S I é u dkbz ccÉÉcc , d Ckj ftu r[eS I dkkjk cc dky xkl rs rkfg mCkj[cc ftu uj uke frgkjs dgk cc nkfn n[V n[k rs jgk ccÉÉcc [kMk èr eS I jf.k frgkjh cc vki gkfk n[yggq mCkj[cc I jck Bkj eks gkgq I gkbz cc n[V n[k rs yggq Ckpkbz ccÉÉcc

81)Je Asidhuj tav sarni pare. 82) Tin ke dusat dukhit haiv mare. 83) Purakh jawan pug pare tihare. 84) Tin ke tum sankat sabh tare. (21). 85) Jo kal ko ik bar dhiaihai. 86) Ta ke kaal nikat nahi aihai. 87) Rachhaa hoi tahi sabh kaalaa. 88) Dusat arisat tare tatkaalaa. (22). 89) Kripa drist tan jahi niharho. 90) Ta ke taap tanak mahi hariho. 91) Ridh sidh ghar mo sabh hoi. 92) Dusat chhah chhaiv sakai na koi. (23) 93) Ek baar jin tumai sambharaa. 94) Kaal phas te tahi ubaaraa. 95) Jin nar naam tiharo kahaa. 96) Darid dusat dokh te rahaa. (24) 97) Kharag ket mai sarani tihaaree. 98) Aap haath dai lehu ubaaree. 99) Sarab thaur mo ho sahai. 100) Dusat dokh te lehu bachai. (25).

In these five stanzas, the Guru has described the gains of surrendering to the Supreme Being. Such persons who surrender themselves, their enemies die in unhappy circumstances and full protection is provided to them by the Lord at all times.

- 81) Those who surrender to the Supreme Being.
- 82) Their enemies and tormentors perish under unhappy circumstances.
- 83) Those persons who seek protection of Your feet.
- 84) All their calamities are put off. (21)
- 85) Those who remember the Supreme Being even once.
- 86) Death does not even come near them.
- 87) They receive the Lord's protection at all times.
- 88) Their sufferings and the perpetrators of their sufferings are put off suddenly.(22)
- 89) Those who are blessed with the benevolent looks of the Lord.
- 90) All their maladies are dispelled in no time.
- 91) All the worldly and spiritual treasures and psychic powers come to their home.
- 92) No evil person can even touch their shadow. (23)
- 93) Anybody who remembers You even once.
- 94) You save him from the noose of death.
- 95) Any person who remembers Your Name.
- 96) All his sufferings, maladies and tormentors are put off. (24)
- 97) O Supreme Being (wearer of sword) I seek your protection.
- 98) Save me with Your Own hands.
- 99) Help me in all my endeavors at all times.
- 100) Save me from my enemies and detractors. (25)

I ॥ j

fJH eh[uW a[aq[aW a[wRP bJt ai[Vhk bjVU' m ijq i hgq
fj jV wj jV bVw whq qa Hw V qjVU' m dl Blqa Ijl a=Ws IF{ Whp
F s whq hq Hw V ujVU' m Ig bdI fjV d*fj aq[g wdi q{ V whU'
IF aih WtjVU' m

Lo\$ k ॥

i kb Xkgs tCk rs r̄js rCk rs dkm0 vka[k rjs ugha vkl; kscc jke jghe
 igku í jku vusd dgñer , d u ekl; kscc fl fer l kl _k Ckn l Hks
 Ckgq Hksn dgñe , d u tkv; kscc l b vfl iku fDñk r̄ejh dfj
 es u d»ks l Hk rkfg Ck[vu; ksccDTÉcc

Sweya.

- 1) *Paain gahe jub te tumre tub te kou aankh tare nahin aanyo.*
- 2) *Raam Rahim puraan Quran anek kahen mut ek na maanyo.*
- 3) *Sinmrit sastr bed sabhai bahu bhed kahen hum ek na jaanyo.* 4) *Sri aspaan kripa tumri kari mai na kahyo sabh tohi bakhaanyo.* (63)

In this stanza Shri Guru Gobind Singh thanks the Supreme Being on completion of a composition. He says that since he took refuge in the Almighty; he does not recognize any incarnation or the secrets given by holy books. He gives credit to the Supreme Lord for all what he has said in the composition.

1. O Lord! Since I had the vision of Your feet, my eyes do not want to look at anything else.
2. Incarnations like Ram and Rahim, holy texts like Puranas and Quran have said so many things, but I do not accept any of these.
3. Holy texts like Vedas, Simritis, and Shastras etc have revealed so many secrets, but I do not recognize them.
4. O Supreme Being! It is all Your grace. I have not said anything on my own. It is all revealed to me by You. (63).

shij ■

I ev s̄pj i wRp Ajdc w{ eñY añji' s̄pj i ■
 Wjh eh[wg vju bl etws sjl añji ■■■

nkjijk ॥

I Xky nqkj dm NkfM ē Xfgvks rgkiks nqkj ॥
 Ckfg Xkgs dh ykt vi XkksCkn nkl rgkj ccDTIcc

Dohra

- 1) *Sagal duaar kau chhadi kai gahio tuharo duaar.*

2) *Baanhi gahe kee laaj us Gobind daas tuhaar.* (64).

This is a prayer to the Supreme Being

1. O Lord, discarding all other sources, I seek refuge in You Only.
2. You have held my arm, so save my honour. I, Gobind (Singh) am Your servant.

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